



KEMENTERIAN PEMBANGUNAN WANITA,
KELUARGA DAN MASYARAKAT

LAPORAN PEMANTAUAN MEDIA KPWK

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28/3/2025

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1	ENSURING PROPER OVERSIGHT OF ORPHANAGES		POSITIF
	https://thesun.my/opinion-news/ensuring-proper-oversight-of-orphanages-PP13859262	THESUN.MY	

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2	SAVING THEM: HUMAN TRAFFICKING FOR FORCED CRIMINALITY IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA — HAEZREENA BEGUM ABDUL HAMID		POSITIF
	https://www.malaymail.com/news/what-you-think/2025/03/27/saving-them-human-trafficking-for-forced-criminality-in-south-east-asia-haezreena-begum-abdul-hamid/171051	MALAYMAIL.COM	

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3	THE STRUGGLE FOR GENDER EQUALITY IN THE WORKPLACE		NEUTRAL
	https://themalaysianreserve.com/2025/03/27/the-struggle-for-gender-equality-in-the-workplace/	THEMALAYSIANRESERVE.COM	

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4	PENJARA 6 BULAN GANTI DENDA TERHADAP LELAKI RAKAM, MILIKI VIDEO, GAMBAR BOGEL ANAK TIRI		NEGATIF
	https://www.bharian.com.my/berita/kes/2025/03/1377730/penjara-6-bulan-ganti-denda-terhadap-lelaki-rakam-miliki-video-gambar	BHARIAN.COM.MY	
	https://www.freemalaysiatoday.com/category/nation/2025/03/27/man-fined-rm6000-for-recording-stepdaughter-in-shower-jailed-6-months/	FREEMALAYSIATODAY.COM	

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	https://www.kosmo.com.my/2025/03/27/remaja-angkat-budak-dalam-masjid-tukar-pengakuan-tidak-bersalah/	KOSMO.COM.MY	
	https://www.utusan.com.my/nasional/2025/03/remaja-oku-cabul-kanak-kanak-di-masjid-tukar-pengakuan/	UTUSAN.COM.MY	
	https://www.bharian.com.my/berita/kes/2025/03/1377619/lelaki-oku-cabul-budak-dalam-masjid-tukar-pengakuan-kepada-tak-bersalah	BHARIAN.COM.MY	
	https://www.sinarharian.com.my/article/719938/berita/semasa/cabul-budak-di-masjid-pemuda-oku-tukar-pengakuan-kepada-tidak-bersalah	SINARHARIAN.COM.MY	
	https://www.hmetro.com.my/mutakhir/2025/03/1201606/cabul-dalam-masjid-lelaki-oku-tukar-pengakuan-tidak-bersalah	HMETRO.COM.MY	
	https://www.malaysiakini.com/news/738488	MALAYSIAKINI.COM	
	https://malaysiagazette.com/2025/03/27/pemuda-oku-dituduh-cabul-kanak-kanak-di-masjid-tukar-pengakuan-tidak-bersalah/	MALAYSIAGAZETTE.COM	
	https://www.freemalaysiatoday.com/category/nation/2025/03/27/teen-accused-of-sexually-assaulting-girl-at-mosque-now-claims-trial/	FREEMALAYSIATODAY.COM	

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6	WANITA MENGAKU LAKUKAN AMANG SEKSUAL TERHADAP 'TEMAN WANITA'		NEGATIF
	https://www.bharian.com.my/berita/kes/2025/03/1377591/wanita-mengaku-lakukan-amang-seksual-terhadap-teman-wanita	BHARIAN.COM.MY	
	https://www.sinarharian.com.my/article/719927/berita/semasa/wanita-mengaku-salah-amang-seksual-fizikal-teman-wanita-bawah-umur	SINARHARIAN.COM.MY	
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cAhHW3-pUtk	YOUTUBE	

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7	LELAKI KERDIL DIDAKWA CABUL KANAK-KANAK LIMA TAHUN		NEGATIF
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8	PENSYARAH DIDAKWA SEKS GUNA OBJEK, LUAR TABII DUA PELAJAR		NEGATIF
	https://berita.rtm.gov.my/jenayah/senarai-berita-jenayah/senarai-artikel/pensyarah-didakwa-seks-guna-objek-luar-tabii-dua-pelajar	BERITA.RTM.GOV.MY	
	https://www.utusan.com.my/nasional/2025/03/pensyarah-lakukan-seks-cabul-dua-pelajar-berdepan-12-pertuduhan/	UTUSAN.COM.MY	
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tLw5zKyOMM8	YOUTUBE	
	https://www.bharian.com.my/berita/kes/2025/03/1377663/pensyarah-tak-mengaku-12-tuduhan-berkait-seksual-dalam-kereta-babitkan	BHARIAN.COM.MY	
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	https://www.freemalysiatoday.com/category/bahasa/tempatan/2025/03/27/pensyarah-dituduh-lakukan-seks-guna-objek-persetubuhan-luar-tabii-terhadap-pelajar/	FREEMALYSIATODAY.COM	
	https://www.malaysiakini.com/news/738498	MALAYSIAKINI.COM	
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	https://www.hmetro.com.my/mutakhir/2025/03/1201673/pensyarah-didakwa-atas-12-pertuduhan-seksual-terhadap-pelajar	HMETRO.COM.MY	
	https://www.buletintv3.my/nasional/pensyarah-didakwa-12-pertuduhan-seksual-terhadap-pelajar/	BULETINTV3.MY	
	https://www.kosmo.com.my/2025/03/27/pensyarah-hadapi-12-pertuduhan-aniaya-dua-pelajar/	KOSMO.COM.MY	

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Ensuring proper oversight of orphanages

Thiagarajan Mathiapparanam

27-03-2025 10:15 AM



THE caregivers in an orphanage are truly people of compassion, love and affection.

The children in orphanages are generally those whose parents have passed away or who have been abandoned.

Some parents send their children to orphanages and visit them occasionally.

However, as time goes by, these visits become less frequent and, eventually, cease altogether.

Besides understanding the plight of these children, caregivers who genuinely treat them with love and dignity will be looked upon as godsend guardians. This gift of love would also provide the orphans with a sense of security and peace.

However, there are also cases of orphanages where the children have been ill-treated and abused in various ways, leading to a life filled with trauma as they have no one to turn to for help.

In addition, many well-wishers donate food and resources for these underprivileged children. It is grossly improper for the owners of orphanages to misuse these donations for their benefit. This should never be a profit-making venture.

Orphanages in Malaysia, which are considered institutional care facilities, are required to register with the Women, Family and Community Development Ministry. Therefore, the relevant authorities must monitor the management of orphanages to ensure that the children are treated with care and respect. Any ill-treatment should not be tolerated and must be dealt with severely.

Furthermore, authorities should ensure that there is no misappropriation of funds or donations, which are given in good faith for the welfare of these children.

An orphanage should be a place of safety, care and protection for orphans. It should be a home of comfort and solace, not the opposite.

Thiagarajan Mathiapparanam

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Saving them: Human trafficking for forced criminality in South-east Asia — Haezreena Begum Abdul Hamid

Thursday, 27 Mar 2025 3:00 PM MYT

MARCH 27 — One of the fastest-growing forms of human trafficking in South-east Asia, and particularly in Malaysia over the past three years, is trafficking for forced criminality. This involves the coercion and deception of individuals into large-scale financial fraud operations, often linked to cybercrimes such as online scams, extortion, and money laundering.

Trafficking for forced criminality refers to the exploitation of individuals through coercion, force, or deception to compel them into criminal activities for the financial gain or benefit of traffickers. Victims are often forced to become online scammers, drug couriers, money mules, or are coerced into acts of terrorism or activities that facilitate terrorism, among other crimes. Reports indicate that these criminal operations occur in both legal and illegal establishments, including casinos, hotels, entertainment centres, and businesses registered as legitimate entities. Many of these sites are secured within enclosed or fenced-off areas where victims are confined and forced to engage in cybercrimes such as international financial fraud.

Currently, Section 2 of the Anti-Trafficking in Persons and Anti-Smuggling of Migrants Act 2007 (Atipso) does not explicitly recognize forced criminality as a specific form of exploitation. However, it does mention “any illegal activity,” which could be interpreted to cover such acts. Nonetheless, clearer provisions and amendments are urgently needed, especially in light of the increasingly complex and technologically advanced nature of these crimes, which often involve tools like Artificial Intelligence (AI) within organised criminal networks.

Two common patterns emerge from these cases. First, individuals who were initially deceived and exploited but later became agents or recruiters themselves. After witnessing the lucrative returns from scam operations, some choose to remain and actively participate in recruiting others, transitioning from victim to perpetrator. Second, there are those lured by legitimate job offers who are then forced into criminal activities, such as online fraud, without any means to escape the cycle of exploitation.

Under Atipso, individuals officially identified as trafficking victims are eligible for an Interim Protection Order and may be placed in a Shelter for up to 21 days while investigations are ongoing. Malaysia currently operates 10 such Shelters, providing refuge for both Malaysian and foreign victims. The programmes at these facilities focus on psychosocial support, spiritual well-being, education, and physical recovery. The Ministry of Women, Family and Community Development, along with other NGOs, plays a crucial role in addressing the psychological trauma endured by victims.

However, there is an urgent need for more specialized programs tailored to the unique experiences of victims of forced criminality, whose trauma may differ significantly from that of those trafficked for sexual exploitation or forced labour. Psychosocial interventions could also be administered at victims' homes or alternative safe spaces for those who decline placement in Shelters, facilitating their recovery and reintegration into society.

Despite concerted regional efforts to combat forced criminality, three major challenges persist. First, there is a prevailing misconception that limits human trafficking to forced labour and sexual exploitation, overlooking the globally recognised element of criminal exploitation. Second, the investigation and prosecution of these crimes are hampered by syndicates' cross-border operations, sophisticated structures, and advanced technologies, all of which impede law enforcement efforts. Third, international legal cooperation remains inadequate. Although Malaysia is a member of the Bali Process, addressing this crime effectively requires stronger transnational collaboration, particularly in areas such as mutual legal assistance and extradition.

In conclusion, tackling forced criminality demands a comprehensive approach that combines holistic law enforcement strategies, a nuanced understanding of trafficking dynamics related to criminal exploitation, and enhanced international cooperation. Only through such coordinated action can South-east Asia begin to dismantle the expanding networks of forced criminal exploitation.

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Trafficking for forced criminality refers to the exploitation of individuals through coercion, force, or deception to compel them into criminal activities for the financial gain or benefit of traffickers. — Unsplash pic

According to Datuk Fadil Marsus, Deputy Director of the Criminal Investigation Department (Intelligence and Operations) at Bukit Aman, the Royal Malaysia Police (PDRM) recently rescued 504 Malaysian nationals from Thailand, Myanmar, Cambodia, and other countries who were at risk of becoming victims of forced criminality. However, only around 10 per cent were confirmed as genuine trafficking victims. The majority had voluntarily joined scam syndicates and only sought rescue after facing threats or abuse for failing to meet the syndicate's profit targets. Some of these individuals also acted as agents, recruiting other Malaysians into similar scams abroad, and many have reportedly been uncooperative with authorities upon their return.

These syndicates exploit people's vulnerabilities, targeting those easily enticed by promises of high-paying overseas jobs. They typically seek individuals fluent in languages such as English and Chinese to carry out cyber-fraud. Victims are forced to engage in a range of online crimes, including romance scams also known as “pig butchering” crypto fraud, money laundering, and illegal gambling. While some willingly enter these syndicates, they often find themselves trapped in exploitative cycles, unable to leave unless ransom payments are made by their families. Survivors who have managed to escape have reported enduring severe torture at the hands of these syndicates.

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The struggle for gender equality in the workplace



Photo: Nur Hafidza / iStock.com

Leadership is not about gender. It is about confidence, skills and the courage to take up space
By AZALEA AZHAR

Women come a long way from being only housewives to holding top positions and having roles in decision-making.

Notable examples were the first woman Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) governor Tan Sri Ungku Zeti Akhtar Aziz (Zeti) and the first female Deputy Prime Minister Tan Sri Muhyiddin Yassin, who also held the position of Malaysian Prime Minister (PM) from 2020 to 2021.

While Malaysian women are gaining greater influence and opportunities for leadership, the country still lags behind regional neighbours such as Indonesia and Thailand in closing the gender gap.

According to a report by the World Economic Forum (WEF) Gender Gap Index in 2024, Malaysia ranked 114th place out of 146 countries, down from 113th in 2023.

The report also showed that while the country ranked first place for gender equality in educational attainment, it has a poor ranking in terms of health and survival (SH) and significant gaps in economic participation and opportunity (ECO).

Only 21% of women occupy board member positions while they occupy nearly 67% of the entry-level positions. Malaysia also ranked 129th for women in Parliament and 128th for women in ministerial positions and cabinets.

The results on women empowerment in selected domains revealed that only 13.8% of women make up MPs and 16.8% of them hold Cabinet positions.



Ungku Zeti was the first BNM Governor, Tan Sri Muhyiddin Yassin was the first female Deputy Prime Minister, and Mazlan Hussein was the first female Minister (PIC: MEDIA MALAYSIA)

Where are the Women Leaders?

Malaysia aims to have 35% of female directors in public-listed companies by 2030.

The country has managed to surpass this target with 32.7% of them in July last year. Meanwhile, women make up 35.9% of top positions in the private sector.

This is a small step but more needs to be done.

According to the UK Finance Club, the public sector has achieved a 30% female representation target more effectively than the private sector due to structural differences in policies, quotas and affirmative action measures.

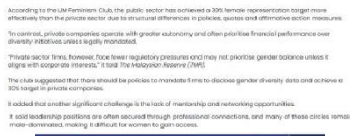
In contrast, private companies operate with greater autonomy and often prioritise financial performance over diversity initiatives unless legally mandated.

"Private sector firms, however, face fewer regulatory pressures and thus find it difficult to balance unless it aligns with corporate interests," said The Malaysian Reserve (TMRes).

The club suggests that there should be policies to mandate firms to disclose gender diversity data and achieve a 30% target in private companies.

It added that another significant challenge is the lack of mentorship and networking opportunities.

It said leadership positions are often secured through professional connections, and many of these circles remain male-dominated, making it difficult for women to gain access.



The club also said these leadership training sessions should educate management on the benefits of diverse leadership styles and the importance of inclusion in decision-making.

It hopes that increasing the visibility of female role models and mentorship opportunities can help normalise women in leadership positions.

Earlier, Prime Minister Datuk Seri Anwar Ibrahim said big private corporations should investigate the reasons behind the low female participation rates in their top positions.

He stressed the need for the private sector to play a role in promoting gender equality in the workforce.

Meanwhile, unconscious bias and gender stereotypes continue to shape perceptions of leadership which is often seen as male-dominated traits.

"Historically, leadership has been associated with traits like assertiveness, decisiveness and dominance – qualities stereotypically linked to men.

"However, on the other hand, one often expected to be nurturing and cooperative, leading to perceptions that they are less suited for authoritative roles."

The absence of female leaders in male-dominated industries reinforces the perception that leadership is a "man's role" and limits mentorship opportunities for aspiring women.

Biases in promotion decisions arise from assumptions that women – particularly mothers – cannot handle leadership pressures.

Workplace culture often favour traditionally male leadership traits like competitiveness while undervaluing women's strengths in collaboration and emotional intelligence.

Additionally, women who adopt assertive leadership styles face double standards, being unfairly labelled as "bossy" or "toxicology".

Country	Score	Rank	Year
Malaysia	0.668	114th	2024

Complementary Targets and Contextual Indicators	2024
Female representation in top positions	32.7%
Female representation in board positions	21%
Female representation in ministerial positions	16.8%
Female representation in Parliament	13.8%
Female representation in cabinet positions	16.8%
Female representation in senior management	35.9%
Female representation in entry-level positions	67%
Female representation in educational attainment	1st
Female representation in health and survival	Low
Female representation in economic participation and opportunity	Low

Low Wages for Women

Data from the Department of Statistics (DOSM) revealed that in 2023, the average salary and wage of female employees were lower compared to their male counterparts.

Women earned only RM3.38 compared to men at RM3.52. But between 2021 and 2023, the average salary and wage of female employees increased at a smaller rate (2%) compared to the national average (3.8%) and male employees (2.4%).

Women's Aid Organisation (WAO) senior advocacy officer Zati Hanani Zaitun Abidin said the gender pay gap widens when traditional stereotypes endure and discrimination takes place.

"Women often balance multiple roles, managing work, personal life and family responsibilities, which leads them to seek jobs that offer flexibility in hours and lower workload or evening shifts, typically to accommodate their competing responsibilities.

"In contrast, men tend to opt for positions with longer, more rigid hours, which often come with higher pay. This separation of occupations by gender contributes to the widening pay gap," she said.

Women are often seen as primary caregivers and less assertive in salary negotiations, while unconscious biases in the confirmation bias and affinity bias further hinder fair pay.

These ingrained biases in organisational culture perpetuate gender pay disparity.

Zati Hanani said women who become mothers often face lower wages, missed promotions, and reduced career opportunities, while men who become fathers experience higher salaries and leadership opportunities due to their perceived responsibility and financial motivation.

The added that companies must take active steps to shift workplace culture and challenge entrenched biases, ensuring that policies and practices are fair, equitable and truly supportive of all employees.

"Introducing more balanced parental leave policies is crucial in promoting a fairer distribution of caregiving duties between men and women," she highlighted.

Zati Hanani also emphasised equal support for workers who wish to take breaks or leave the workforce as they are unable to afford childcare or have other caregiving factors.

The supportive measures not only benefit women but also assist of employees in terms of managing their professional and personal responsibilities.



Men who become fathers experience higher salaries and leadership opportunities due to their perceived responsibility and financial motivation (Pic: Bloomberg)

Is Motherhood a Bonus?

Last year, Women, Family and Community Development Minister Datuk Seri Haniffa Zuhri said there is an increasing number of youths who are delaying their marriage.

Data from DOSM revealed that the average age for a woman's first marriage increased from 21.8 years in 2002 to 28.1 years in 2020.

They choose to stay on as they would rather focus on their careers and education. However, it becomes more challenging as entering women become pregnant.

A survey from MAM revealed that more than 60% of women have experienced job discrimination due to their pregnancy.

All Women's Action Society (AWAS) senior advocacy officer Amanda Shweeta said employers worry about job disruptions to work or additional costs when a woman is fully qualified.

"Organisational policies should guarantee that women who become pregnant are not penalised in hiring or promotion.

"Changing these practices requires both legislative reform and a cultural shift in how society values caregiving and women's contributions to the workforce."

She added that employing more women boosts a company's financial and social value. Hence, she quoted a Bloomberg report that the global economy is at risk of losing over RM22 trillion in annual economic gains if the issue of gender diversity in the workforce is not addressed.

Meanwhile, unpaid care work in Malaysia cost-Bankers RM76.6 billion, surpassing the manufacturing sector.

Budget 2024 assists working women with tax exemptions, expanded childcare allowances, over RM40 million for kindergarten, nurseries and pre-school, along with flexible working hours and telework.

However, Amanda Shweeta believed that both government and private companies need to collaborate on initiatives to ensure effective implementation.

"Many of these policies are not mandatory, with only a number of corporate companies adopting some of the recommended policies."



Budget 2024 assists working women with tax exemptions, expanded childcare allowances, over RM40 million for kindergartens, nurseries and pre-schools (pic: MEDIA MALAYSIA)

Educate Them from Young

As women's achievements have been overlooked throughout history, Amanda Shweeta believes that Malaysia's education system has the potential to significantly challenge traditional gender norms from an early age.

"By reimagining the curriculum to primarily feature women's achievements across disciplines such as Science, Arts and History, and integrating gender equality perspectives, students can learn to question outdated stereotypes and appreciate the diverse contributions of both women and men," she said.

She also added to look into how the state of Kerala in India has challenged traditional gender roles by promoting discussions on shared caregiving responsibilities and the value of all forms of work.

In turn, this challenges the myth that certain roles are inherently feminine or masculine.

She also stressed that schools should adopt inclusive policies which include gender-sensitive teaching methods and bias-awareness training for educators. This is to foster a respectful and supportive learning environment.

"Collectively, these measures can transform Malaysia's education system into a driving force for long-term cultural change towards a more equitable and less patriarchal society," she added.

While women's empowerment, diversity and inclusion has been a very popular topic and the issue is often brought up, its meaningful implementation often falls short.

Human Rights Commissioner of Malaysia (Suhami) commissioner Prof Datuk Noor Azah Mohd Asad believed that Malaysia's mentality has not changed.

"It's about how, from young ages you raise your children, how you nurture them into adulthood, how they learn to differentiate between men and women and understand their complementary roles in life.

"It's also about teaching them to respect women and recognise that they are capable of anything just as much. Otherwise, you can introduce 100 programmes for women, but things will not change," she stressed.



According to Zati Hanani, women who become mothers often face lower wages, missed promotions and reduced career opportunities (Pic: courtesy of Zati Hanani Zaitun Abidin)

The Need for Anti-discrimination Laws

Noor Azah highlighted that one of the most pressing issues is the absence of a comprehensive anti-discrimination law that explicitly protects women from workplace biases and systemic inequalities. It should also provide a clear, comprehensive definition of discrimination, covering both direct and indirect discrimination.

"We should also adopt legislation on equal employment opportunities to regulate and address discriminatory practices at the place of work, including recruitment, pay and promotion, ensuring all women have equal access to employment, to enforce the principle of equal pay for work of equal value," she added.

Meanwhile, Noor Azah also encouraged more males in professions that are female-dominated such as secretaries, administrative support, doctors and nurses.

She said some male doctors would prefer to be assisted by male nurses when they are in the hospital.

Malaysia ratified the UN Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW) in 1995 and is reviewed by the United Nations (UN) every four years to ensure compliance.

Additionally, the Federal Constitution guarantees equal protection for all citizens, prohibiting discrimination based on religion, race, descent, place of birth, or gender under Article 8.

However, non-discrimination laws and institutions in criminal, family and domestic violence laws are often patchy and inconsistent, allowing discrimination to spread in various social and political aspects.

Universiti Sains Islam Malaysia Assoc Prof Faculty of Shariah & Law Dr Masudul Iyath Mawlawi called on the need to be more specific in the country's discrimination laws.

The Employer (Amendment) Act 2022 prohibited discrimination among workers and grants the DO of labour the power to investigate and resolve disputes involving discrimination in employment and may issue an order.

Employers who fail to comply with these orders face fines up to RM50,000 and daily fines of RM1,000 for each day the offence continues after conviction.

"However, the expression 'discrimination' is neither defined nor deemed an offence.

"The amendments also do not provide any specific remedy if the DO finds that a dispute between employer and employee relates to discrimination in employment," he said in a statement.

The Employment Act 1995, applicable in Peninsular Malaysia and Sabah, has amendments addressing discrimination only after employment is established. It is not a basis for employment or non-employment refusal.



Organisational policies should guarantee that women who become pregnant are not penalised in hiring or promotion, says Amanda Shweeta (Pic: courtesy of Amanda Shweeta)

Women in the Work, Breakdown and Alignment

Despite women comprising 45% of Malaysia's workforce, they remain significantly underrepresented in leadership roles and high-growth fields like fintech, blockchain and artificial intelligence (AI).

Recognising the need to bridge this gap, MYS Services Bhd, in collaboration with Women in Tech Malaysia, hosted a panel discussion titled 'How to Break into and Lead in the Work & Tech Industry in Malaysia' in conjunction with International Women's Day.

Industry professionals, such as entrepreneurs and students discussed challenges, opportunities and actionable steps to SUCCEED WOMEN IN BREAKING INTO AND EXCELLENCE IN THE TECH INDUSTRY.

Women in Tech Malaysia noted that currently, 70% of blockchain, digital marketing, digital content and other roles are held by men. This is due to traditional gender roles, yet the opportunities in technology are vast and accessible.

Samsung University's Business School senior lecturer Dr Gemma Leong said succeeding in tech requires more than just technical knowledge as it demands problem-solving skills, creativity, collaboration and resilience.

She highlighted the unique perspectives women bring to tech and innovation. AI acknowledged that many hesitate to enter the field.

She emphasised that humility and collaboration are strengths, not weaknesses, and that women's natural problem-solving abilities and teamwork skills are invaluable in the industry.

Meanwhile, MYS Services' head of blockchain Research and Business Development Myod Said urged women to recognise their leadership potential.

"The first university in the world was founded by a woman. Leadership is not about gender. It is about confidence, skills and the courage to take up space," he said.

With women making up only 16.8% of MYS Services' blockchain and Web3 team, he also emphasised the urgent need for greater female representation.

"This industry is growing and if you're waiting for the perfect moment to start, that's the opportunity you're missing."

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Penjara 6 bulan ganti denda terhadap lelaki rakam, miliki video, gambar bogel anak tiri

Oleh Alias Abd Rani - Mac 27, 2025 @ 3:42pm
bhnews@bh.com.my



MUAR: Mahkamah Tinggi di sini, hari ini mengetepikan denda RM6,000 yang dikenakan Mahkamah Sesyen terhadap seorang pekerja pembersihan yang mengaku bersalah merakam dan memiliki 18 rakaman video bogel dan beberapa keping gambar bogel anak tirinya sedang mandi di rumahnya, tahun lalu.

Hakim Mahkamah Tinggi, Datuk Meor Hashimi Abdul Hamid, sebaliknya memutuskan bahawa hukuman itu digantikan dengan penjara selama enam bulan yang berkuat kuasa mulai hari ini.

Dalam penghakimannya, Meor Hashimi berkata, denda yang dikenakan Mahkamah Sesyen pada 19 Mac lalu adalah tidak setimpal dengan kesalahan dilakukan tertuduh.

"Kesalahan mengikut Seksyen 10 Akta Kesalahan-Kesalahan Seksual Terhadap Kanak-Kanak (AKKSTKK) 2017, adalah serius. Sebagai bapa tiri, tertuduh sepatutnya melindungi mangsa daripada perbuatan tidak bertanggungjawab.

"Perbuatan tertuduh meninggalkan kesan dan trauma berpanjangan kepada mangsa, mahkamah menganggap tertuduh perlu dikenakan hukuman sewajarnya.

"Mengguna pakai Seksyen 323 Kanun Prosedur Jenayah yang dibaca bersama Seksyen 325 kanun sama serta atas pertimbangan dan mitigasi kedua-dua pihak, hukuman denda dikenakan Mahkamah Sesyen diketepikan, diganti dengan penjara enam bulan bermula hari ini.

"Hukuman ini diputuskan setelah mengambil kira kepentingan awam serta pengajaran kepada masyarakat. Selain itu, mahkamah memerintahkan denda RM6,000 yang dibayar tertuduh dipulangkan semula," katanya.

Pada 19 Mac lalu, tertuduh berusia 56 tahun dihadapkan ke Mahkamah Sesyen dan mengaku bersalah sebelum Hakim, Nariman Badruddin, mengenakan denda berkenaan.

Mengikut pertuduhan, dia didakwa memiliki bahan penganiayaan seksual kanak-kanak iaitu 18 rakaman video dan beberapa keping gambar bogel anak tiri berusia 15 tahun yang sedang mandi.

Perbuatan itu berlaku antara 17 September hingga 21 Disember tahun lalu dengan seksyen itu memperuntukkan penjara sehingga lima tahun atau denda maksimum RM10,000 atau kedua-duanya, jika sabit kesalahan.

Bagaimanapun, seminggu kemudian, Jabatan Peguam Negara (AGC) memfailkan notis rayuan berhubung keputusan itu Mahkamah Sesyen.

AGC berkata, notis rayuan itu difailkan terhadap keputusan mahkamah terhadap pekerja pembersihan berusia 56 tahun yang mengaku bersalah di bawah pertuduhan mengikut Seksyen 10 AKKSTKK 2017 [Akta 792] kerana memiliki bahan penganiayaan seksual kanak-kanak iaitu 18 rakaman video bogel dan beberapa keping gambar bogel kanak-kanak perempuan itu.

"Selepas mempertimbangkan keputusan Mahkamah Sesyen Muar, AGC hari ini memfailkan notis rayuan bagi merayu terhadap hukuman denda yang dijatuhkan ke atas pesalah berkenaan," katanya dalam kenyataan sebelum ini.

Semakan kehakiman itu dibuat selepas gesaan Menteri Pembangunan Wanita, Keluarga dan Masyarakat, Datuk Seri Nancy Shukri, 21 Mac lalu.

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Remaja 'angkat' budak dalam masjid tukar pengakuan tidak bersalah

Oleh NUZULSHAM SHAMSUDDIN 27 Mac 2025, 1:07 pm



Tertuduh ketika dibawa ke Mahkamah Sesyen hari ini. Foto oleh Ahmad Iqbal Rosli/Kosmo!

AMPANG – Seorang remaja lelaki orang kurang upaya (OKU) yang tular kerana disyaki mencabul kanak-kanak perempuan di sebuah masjid di Hulu Selangor menukar pengakuan kepada tidak bersalah di Mahkamah Sesyen di sini hari ini.

Tertuduh berusia 19 tahun membuat pengakuan itu selepas pertuduhan terhadapnya dibacakan semula di hadapan Hakim Norshila Kamarudin.

Hari ini mahkamah sepatutnya mendengar laporan sosial tertuduh daripada Jabatan Kebajikan Masyarakat (JKM) sebelum hukuman dijatuhkan selepas lelaki itu mengaku bersalah pada prosiding sebelum ini.

Mengikut pertuduhan, tertuduh didakwa melakukan amang seksual fizikal terhadap mangsa berusia 10 tahun bagi maksud seksual.

Kesalahan dilakukan di sebuah masjid di Batang Kali, Hulu Selangor pukul 6.20 pagi pada 21 Februari lalu.

Pertuduhan dikemukakan mengikut Seksyen 14(a) Akta kesalahan-kesalahan Seksual Terhadap Kanak-kanak 2017 yang membawa hukuman penjara maksimum 20 tahun dan sebatan.

Jurubahasa: Faham pertuduhan? Mengaku salah atau tidak?

Tertuduh: Tidak

Berikutan pengakuan tidak bersalah itu, Timbalan Pendakwa Nadiyah Malek Fauzie memohon mahkamah menetapkan satu tarikh lain bagi serahan dokumen.

Peguam Lingswaran Singh yang mewakili tertuduh memaklumkan akan menghantar representasi terhadap pertuduhan itu. Mahkamah menetapkan 29 April ini untuk sebutan semula kes dan serahan dokumen.

Sementara itu, Lingswaran ketika ditemui berkata, representasi yang akan dihantar adalah bagi menggugurkan pertuduhan tersebut.

Pada 27 Februari lalu, tertuduh mengaku bersalah dan pihak pendakwaan menawarkan jaminan RM15,000 sementara menunggu sebutan semula kes bagi laporan sosial.

Ketika ditanya Hakim Norshila adakah ada ahli keluarga tertuduh hadir ke mahkamah pada hari tersebut, remaja itu menjawab tiada.

Sebelum ini Kosmo! melaporkan seorang lelaki ditahan selepas disyaki mencabul kanak-kanak perempuan ketika solat subuh di sebuah masjid pada 21 Februari lalu.

Kejadian berlaku ketika mangsa sedang sujud di saf belakang. Perbuatan lelaki itu dirakam televisyen litar tertutup (CCTV) masjid tersebut sebelum tersebar di media sosial.

Berdasarkan rakaman CCTV, suspek yang berpakaian putih menyelip masuk ke ruang solat wanita sebelum memeluk mangsa dan membawanya keluar. – KOSMO! ONLINE.

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Wanita mengaku lakukan amang seksual terhadap 'teman wanita'

Oleh Izz Laily Hussein - Mac 27, 2025 @ 12:25pm
bhnews@bh.com.my



Tertuduh, Nur Farisha Syahaniey Muhamad Shukur, 20, mengaku bersalah terhadap dua pertuduhan amang seksual di Mahkamah Sesyen Johor Bahru hari ini. NSTP/MUHAMMAD NAJMI NOR'AZAM

JOHOR BAHRU: Seorang wanita berperwatakan lelaki dihadapkan ke Mahkamah Sesyen di sini hari ini, atas dua tuduhan melakukan amang seksual fizikal terhadap seorang remaja perempuan yang juga 'teman wanitanya', sejak pertengahan tahun lalu.

Tertuduh, Nur Farisha Syahaniey Muhamad Shukur, 20, mengaku bersalah bagi kedua-dua pertuduhan itu selepas dibacakan di hadapan Hakim Thalha Bachok @ Embok Mok.

Berdasarkan kedua-dua pertuduhan, wanita itu didakwa melakukan perbuatan terbabit bagi maksud seksual terhadap remaja yang ketika kejadian berusia 13 tahun tujuh bulan, pada pertengahan 2024 dan Februari lalu di Jalan 2/1, Taman PGPF, Felda Sungai Sibol, Kulai.

Pendakwaan terhadapnya dibuat mengikut Seksyen 14(a) Akta Kesalahan-kesalahan Seksual Terhadap Kanak-kanak yang membawa hukuman penjara maksimum 20 tahun dan boleh juga dikenakan sebat, jika sabit kesalahan.

Timbalan Pendakwa Raya, Nor Fadilah Johanuddin, pada mulanya tidak mencadangkan sebarang jaminan memandangkan kesalahan di bawah seksyen berkenaan adalah tidak boleh dijamin.

Namun, apabila ditanya hakim jika mahkamah mahu memberikan jaminan, berapa jumlah yang ingin dicadangkan pihak pendakwa, Nor Fadilah mencadangkan jumlah RM20,000 bagi setiap pertuduhan.

Pendakwa turut mencadangkan syarat tambahan, tertuduh tidak boleh mengganggu mangsa dan saksi pendakwa, lapor diri di balai polis berdekatan sebulan sekali dan pasport antarabangsa hendaklah diserahkan kepada mahkamah sekiranya ada.

Tertuduh yang tidak diwakili peguam kemudian memohon jaminan yang lebih rendah antara RM2,000 hingga RM5,000 atas alasan tidak mampu membayar jaminan yang tinggi.

"Saya perlu menjaga adik-adik saya yang semuanya masih bersekolah. Keluarga saya ada masalah, jadi saya kena bantu keluarga. Sebelum ditahan, saya kerja sebagai operator kilang dengan gaji pokok RM1,500," katanya.

Mahkamah kemudian membenarkan tertuduh diikat jamin RM11,000 dengan seorang penjamin bagi setiap pertuduhan berserta tiga syarat tambahan yang dicadangkan pihak pendakwa.

Kes ditetapkan untuk sebutan semula pada 28 April depan bagi fakta dan hukuman.

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Lelaki kerdil didakwa cabul kanak-kanak lima tahun



MOHAMAD HAFIZWAN Ayob didakwa atas tuduhan melakukan amang seksual terhadap kanak-kanak perempuan di Mahkamah Sesyen Johor Bahru.

Oleh MOHAMAD FAIZAL HASHIM 27 Mac 2025, 12:34 pm

JOHOR BAHRU: Seorang lelaki kerdil mengaku tidak bersalah di Mahkamah Sesyen di sini atas tuduhan melakukan amang seksual terhadap kanak-kanak perempuan berusia lima tahun di sebuah pusat beli-belah di Jalan Harmonium, Taman Desa Tebrau, di sini, dua minggu lalu.

Tertuduh, Mohamad Hafizwan Ayob, 30, membuat pengakuan tersebut selepas pertuduhan dibacakan jurubahasa di hadapan Hakim Thalha Bachok@Embok Mok.

Berdasarkan kertas pertuduhan, Mohamad Hafizwan didakwa melakukan amang seksual fizikal dengan cara meraba kemaluan dan mencium hidung kanak-kanak itu di pusat beli-belah tersebut pada pukul 8.15 malam, 16 Mac lalu.

Jurujual itu didakwa di bawah Seksyen 14(a) Akta Kesalahan-Kesalahan Seksual Terhadap Kanak-kanak dan boleh dihukum di bawah akta sama yang memperuntukkan hukuman penjara tidak melebihi 20 tahun dan boleh dihukum sebat, jika disabit kesalahan.

Pendakwaan dikendalikan oleh Timbalan Pendakwa Raya, Nor Fadilah Johanuddin mencadangkan jaminan sekiranya diberikan berjumlah RM20,000 dengan seorang penjamin dengan syarat tambahan tidak boleh mengganggu mangsa dan saksi pendakwaan selain perlu melapor diri ke balai polis berhampiran dan menyerahkan pasport kepada mahkamah.

Tertuduh tidak diwakili peguam bela dalam rayuannya memohon jumlah jaminan dikurangkan kepada RM5,000 kerana menanggung ibu dan bapa selain ibunya mengalami penyakit sempit yang bergantung dengan ubat setiap bulan.

"Saya tak buat apa-apa pada budak tu, saya cuma dukung sahaja. Saya akan carikan duit untuk bayar jaminan atau pinjam daripada keluarga," rayunya.

Hakim memutuskan tertuduh diikat jamin sebanyak RM10,000 dengan seorang penjamin dengan syarat tambahan perlu melapor diri ke balai polis berhampiran, menyerahkan pasport dan tidak mengganggu mangsa dan saksi pendakwaan serta menetapkan 28 April depan sebagai tarikh sebutan semula kes. – [UTUSAN](#)

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Pensyarah didakwa seks guna objek, luar tabii dua pelajar

Jenayah - Dicipta: 27 Mac 2025 06:54 PM



Tertuduh, Ahmad Syahir Sharifudeen, 38, tidak mengaku salah atas lapan pertuduhan membabitkan kesalahan seksual terhadap dua pelajar perempuan, tahun lalu/RTM

KEMAMAN, 27 Mac- Seorang pensyarah sebuah institut kemahiran di Kemaman mengaku tidak bersalah di Mahkamah Sesyen di sini hari ini atas lapan pertuduhan membabitkan kesalahan seksual terhadap dua pelajar perempuan, tahun lalu.

Tertuduh, Ahmad Syahir Sharifudeen, 38, membuat pengakuan itu selepas semua pertuduhan dibacakan secara berasingan di hadapan Hakim Wan Suhaila Mohd.

Mengikut pertuduhan, tertuduh didakwa melakukan lima kesalahan hubungan seksual menggunakan jari dan alatan mainan seks menyerupai kemaluan lelaki terhadap kedua-dua mangsa yang berusia 19 tahun.

Selain itu, tertuduh berdepan tiga pertuduhan melakukan persetubuhan bertentangan dengan tabii terhadap salah seorang mangsa tanpa kerelaannya.

Kesalahan itu didakwa dilakukan antara 17 November hingga 1 Disember tahun lalu, di dalam sebuah kereta di kawasan letak kenderaan Pusat Beli Belah Mesra Mall, Kemasik serta berhampiran Hotel Awana Kijal.

Bagi pertuduhan melakukan hubungan seks menggunakan objek, tertuduh didakwa mengikut Seksyen 377CA Kanun Keseksan yang memperuntukkan hukuman penjara lima hingga 30 tahun dan sebatan, jika sabit kesalahan.

Manakala bagi kesalahan persetubuhan bertentangan dengan tabii, tertuduh didakwa mengikut Seksyen 377C Kanun Keseksan yang membawa hukuman penjara antara lima hingga 20 tahun serta sebatan.

Mahkamah membenarkan tertuduh diikat jamin RM23,000 bagi semua pertuduhan dengan syarat melapor diri pada minggu pertama setiap bulan di balai polis berhampiran.

Sementara itu, di Mahkamah Majistret, Ahmad Syahir turut berdepan tiga pertuduhan melakukan kekerasan jenayah dengan niat mencabul kehormatan kedua-dua mangsa yang sama.

Bagi kesalahan tersebut, tertuduh didakwa mengikut Seksyen 354 Kanun Keseksan yang memperuntukkan hukuman penjara sehingga 10 tahun atau denda atau sebatan, atau mana-mana dua hukuman tersebut.

Tertuduh turut menghadapi satu lagi pertuduhan memiliki bahan lucah menyerupai kemaluan lelaki dalam keretanya di Institut Kemahiran Belia Negara, Kemasik pada 13 Mac lalu.

Pertuduhan dibuat mengikut Seksyen 292 Kanun Keseksan yang membawa hukuman penjara sehingga tiga tahun atau denda atau kedua-duanya sekali, jika sabit kesalahan.

Majistret Sharifah Amirda Shasha Amir Sharifuddin membenarkan tertuduh diikat jamin RM10,000 bagi semua pertuduhan di Mahkamah Majistret.

Pendakwa dikendalikan oleh Timbalan Pendakwa Raya Noor Asyikin Hashim dan Lim Zhan Yi, manakala tertuduh diwakili peguam Yayasan Bantuan Guaman Kebangsaan (YBKG), Nurul Farhana Shamsudin.